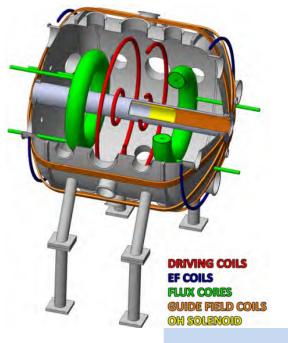
PPPL FLARE CENTER STACK DESIGN

11/11/15

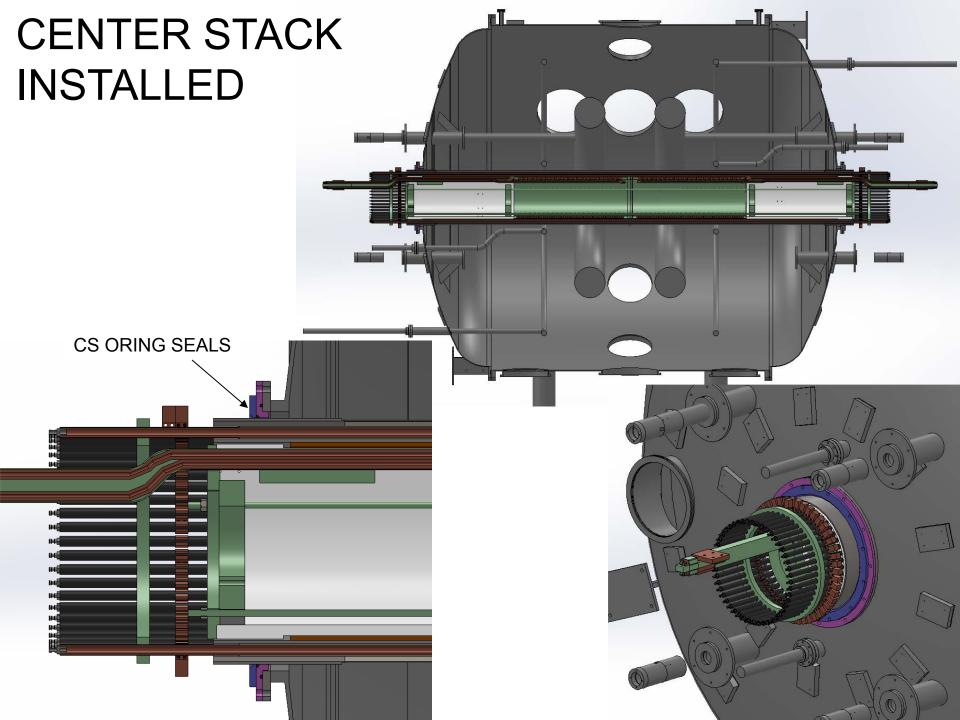


FLARE Coil System Specifications & Power Supplies (11/5/14)

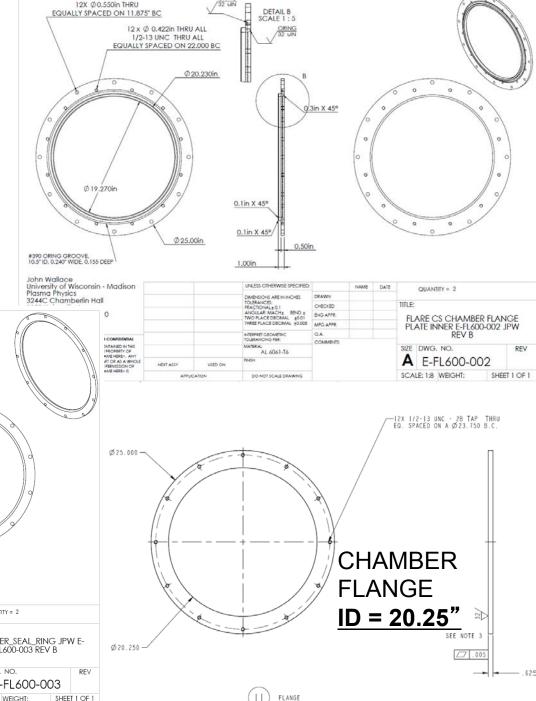
FLUX CORES GUIDE FIELD COILS OH SOLENOID		Equilibrium Field (EF)	Guide Field (GF)	Flux PF Coil	Core TF Coil	Inner Driving Coil	Outer Driving Coil
No. Coils	2	2	1 syste m	2	2	2	2
Turns/coil	25	16	48	4x1	4 x 15	2	2
Circuit	Series/ Parallel	Parallel	Series	8 x 1 Parallel	8 x 15 parallel	Parallel	Parallel
Current (kA)	100	13	40	135	62.5	25	25
Capacitor Bank (mF) /kV	5.04/20	420/1.4	44/14	3.9/20	1.25/20	0.0625/10.2	0.0875/20
Bank energy (MJ)	1.01	0.41	4.3	0.78	0.25	0.0033	0.018
Pulse duration (ms)	2.6 / 1.2	60	38	0.22	0.16	0.04	0.12

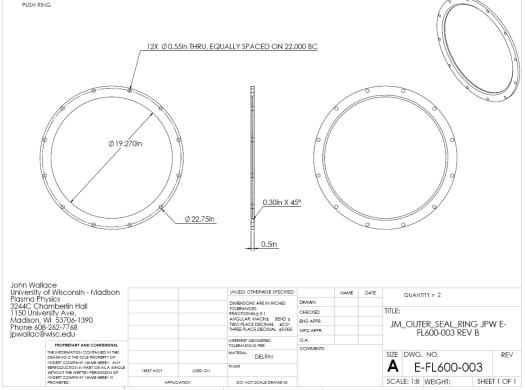
Center Stack Design

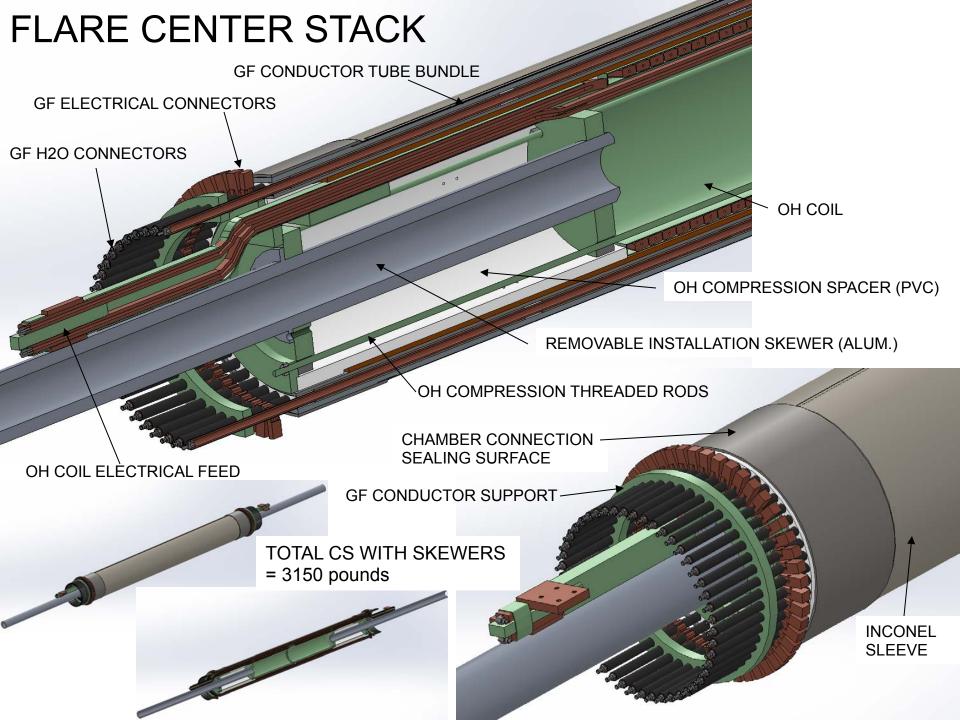
- Center stack housing must be non-metalic.
- Center stack must deal with OH-GF EM applied torque (36 K Ft-lbs) and compression. These values were provided by Peter Titus. The CS must also deal with weight of the assembly (sag, 3K lbs).
- Tried to use standard tubes to reduce cost and lead time.
 - I could not find phenolic tube manufacturers that could make long (13ft) large diameter tubes (14" -18").
 - Pultrusion was cost prohibitive.
 - Standard Fiberglass and PVC tube were found close to our dimensions, and incorporated in our design.
- Must provide a mean to install CS into chamber, and allow end-bell removal.
- UW to provide everything except: OH coils, OH interlocking pieces, Outer Inconel sleeve, GF electrical clamps (?), GF H2O fittings (?)

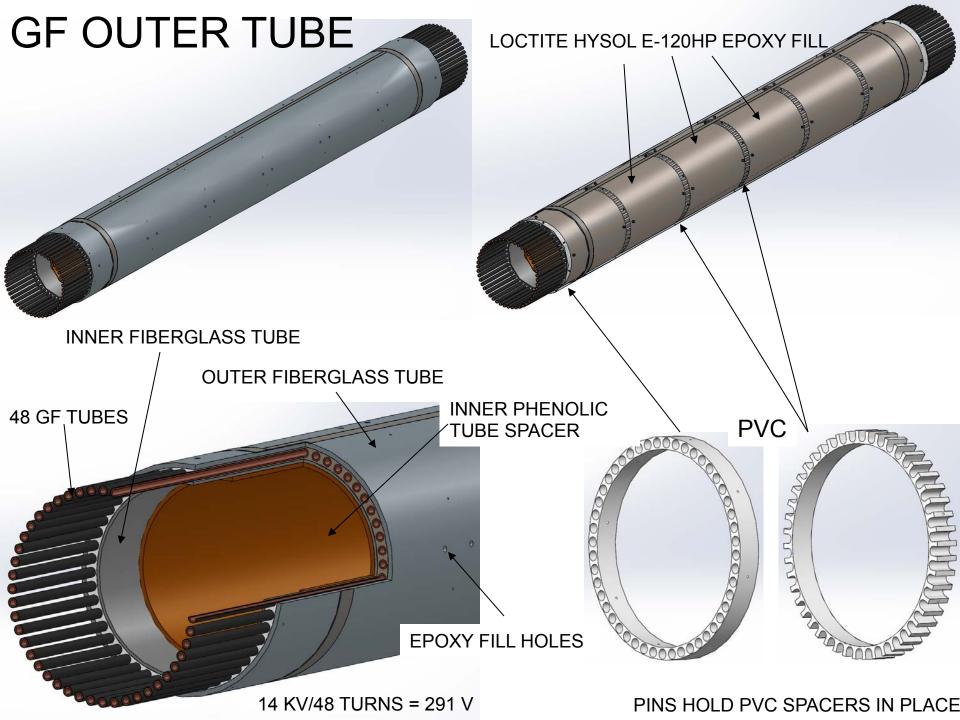


CENTER STACK CHAMBER SEAL FLANGES

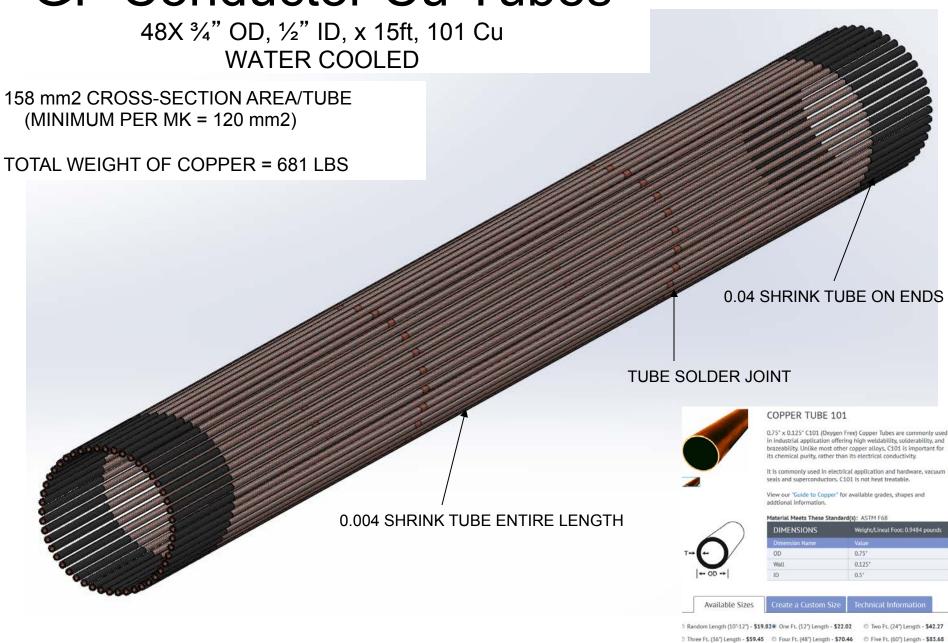






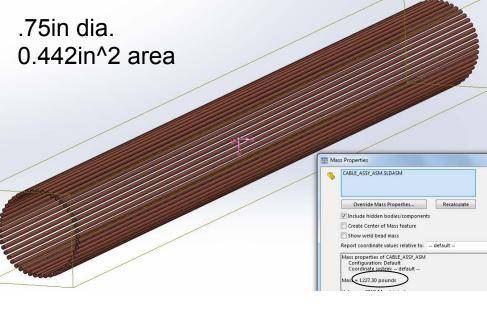


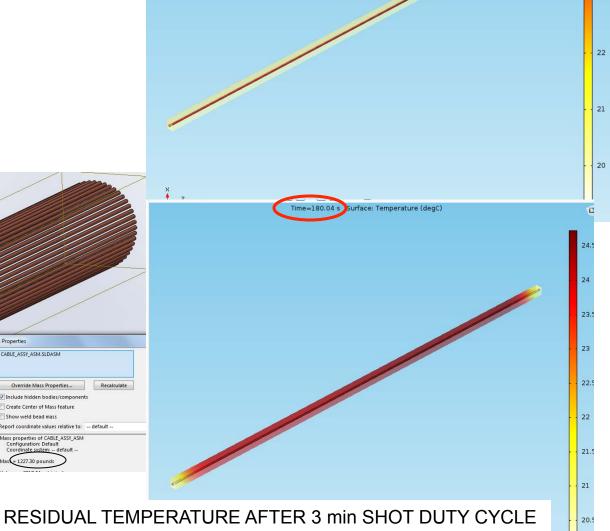
GF Conductor Cu Tubes



COMSOLSimulation If GF Conductors are Solid

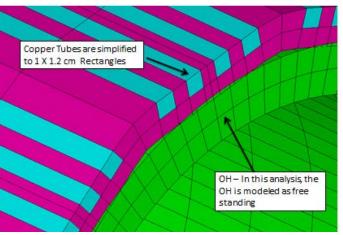
The case for H2O cooling 40KA for 38 msec





T= .04 SEC

Peter Titus 10/27/15



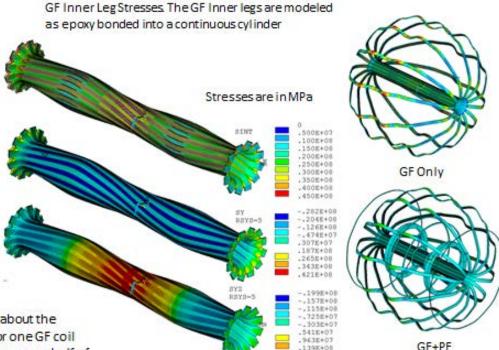
FLARE GF coils are modeled with twelve 4 conductor bundles, with each conductor having 40kA.

This is a moment summation about the machine axis (y in this plot) for one GF coil (with 4 conductors). It is for the upper half of this coil(right side when the axis is horizontal)

is generated by

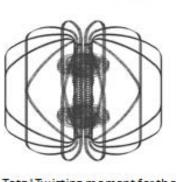
differencing the load files for (GF+PF) - (GF Only)





45 MPa = 6,526 PSI

.139E+08



Total Twisting moment for the GF inner leg assembly is 12*4074 N-m = 48,888 Nm = 3349.8 ft-lbs

Actually = 36,058 ft lbs

Re: Calculations for FLARE Center Stack This out-of-plane force plot Peter Titus <ptitus@pppl.gov>

Sent: Tue 10/27/2015 3:25 PM

A clarification: If the shear stress in the G-10 tube is cut by the reinforcing cloth and the tube is really a tape wound high pressure laminate form with a G-10-like glass density then the torsional shear allowable would be .6* the tension allowable. Below, the tensile strength is -400 Mpa or 58 ksi for good material as RT so the shear allowable would be 58:3* 6 11.6 ksi. The Tresca allowable for the combined stresses would be 58/3=19.7 ksi

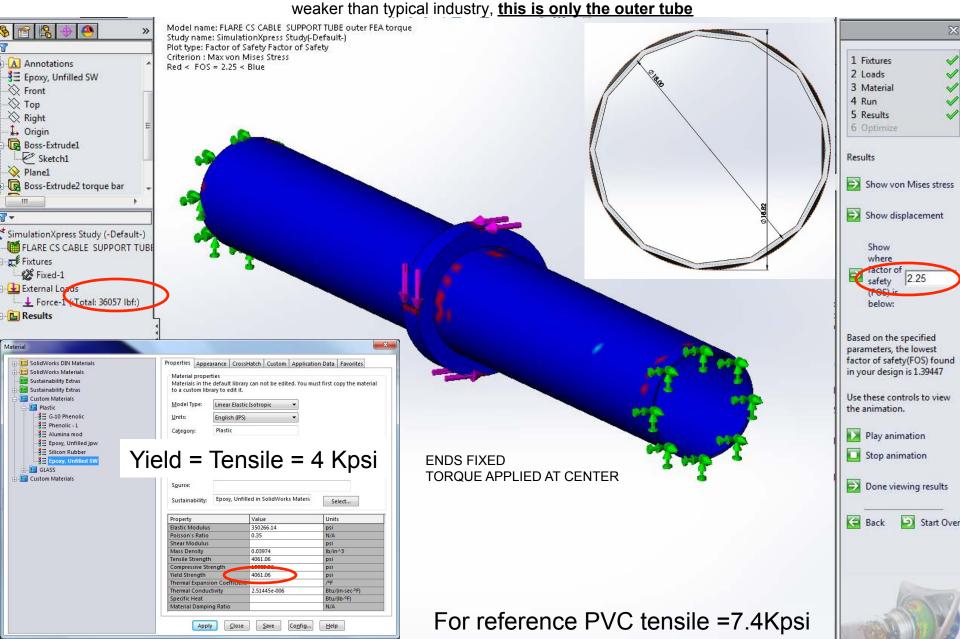
-	@4	@77	@292 degK
Comp.Strength Normal to Fiber			
G-10CR	749	693	420 Mpa Ref[7]
G-11CR	776	799	461 MPa Ref[7]
Tensile Strength (Warp)		-	
G-10CR	862	825	415 MPa Ref[7]
G-11CR	872	827	469 MPa Ref[7]
Tensile Strength (Fill)	-		
G-10CR	496	459	257 MPa Ref[7]
G-11CR	553	580	329 MPa Ref[7]

On Tue, Oct 27, 2015 at 3:37 PM, Michael Kalish <mkalish @popl gov> wrote:

On a related topic we were concerned here about the adhesion of the epoxy to the inner PVC tube. When you get to the part where you're sourcing that tube please explore the possibility of using G10 or another material that would provide better adhesion. If it's not cost prohibitive we should consider the G10.... Also note that I'm out on Jury duty tomorrow so the weekly meeting is moved to Thursday (I've got my excuses all lined up so hopefully I won't be chosen for a case).

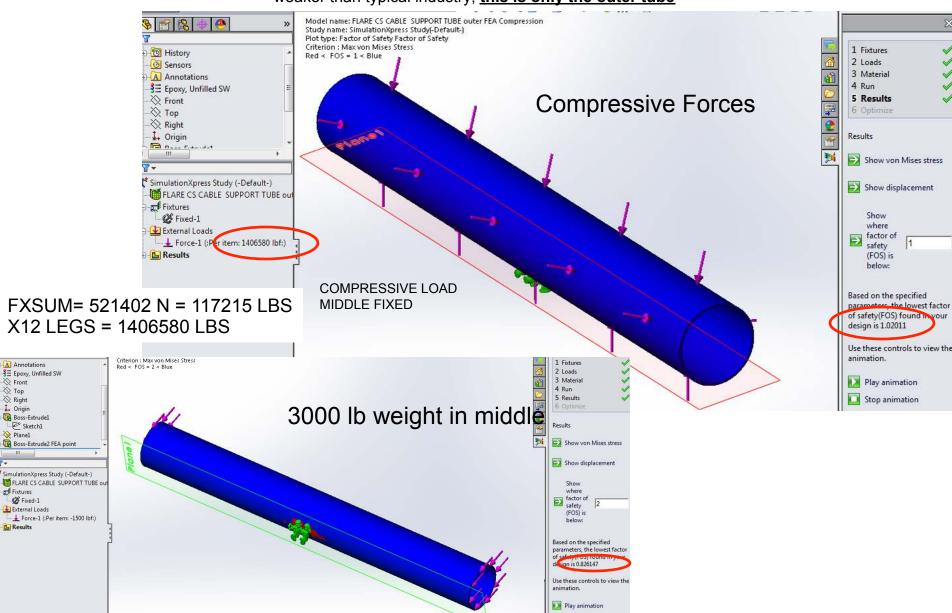
Outer Fiberglass Tube Torque Analysis

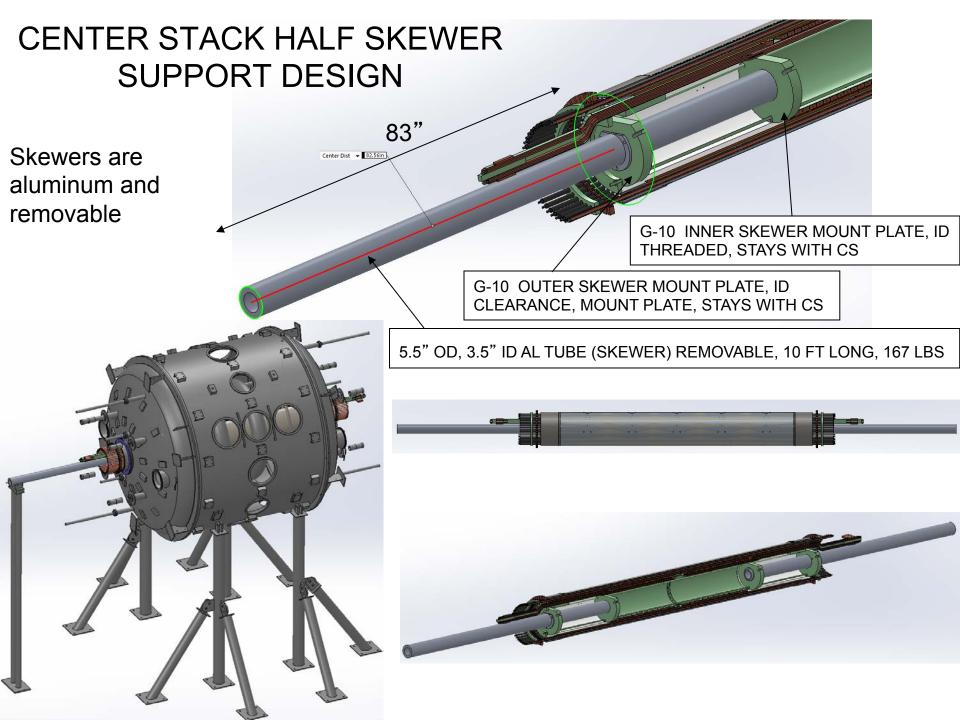
Assume GF conductors are securely glued to this tube, and thus this tube takes the torque. Because SW does not model non-isotrop materials, we model it as isotropic non-fill-epoxy (weakest link), 18" ID, 18.82" OD. Epoxy properties used are from SW library, and a



Outer Fiberglass Tube Load Analysis

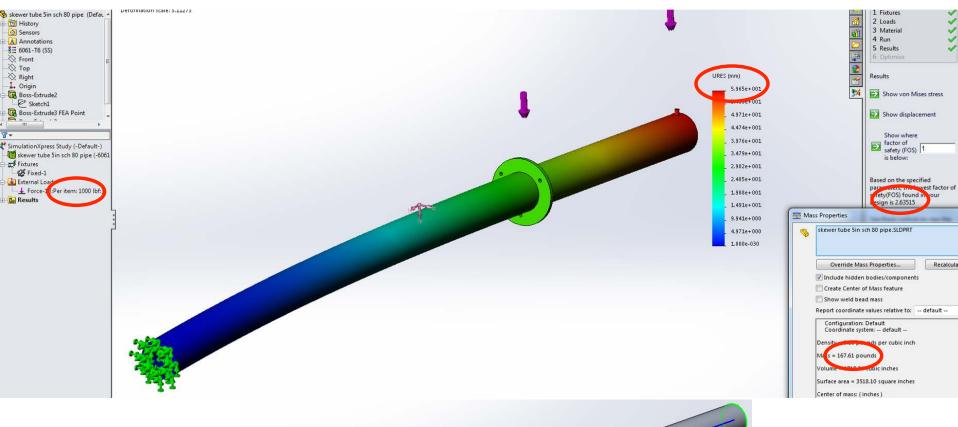
Assume GF conductors are securely glued to this tube, and thus this tube takes the torque. Because SW does not model non-isotropic naterials, we model it as isotropic non-fill-epoxy (weakest link), 18" ID, 18.82" OD. Epoxy properties used are from SW library, and are weaker than typical industry, this is only the outer tube

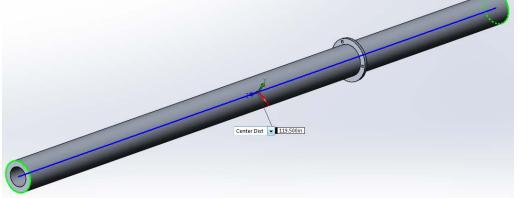




HALF SKEWER DESIGN

5.5 OD, 1" wall structural AI 6061-T6





10FT LONG